

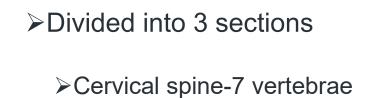


Pre-Op Class Presentation: Neurosurgery at GBMC

Presented by: John Silver, RN4 & Emily Iseman, RN4 Created by April Asuncion Higgins, BSN, RN, CMSRN

Updated 2/26//2024

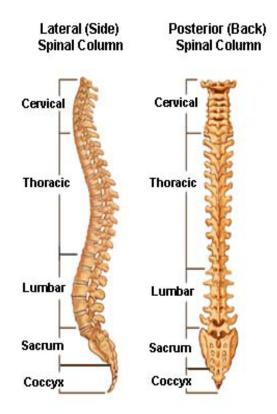
The Spine



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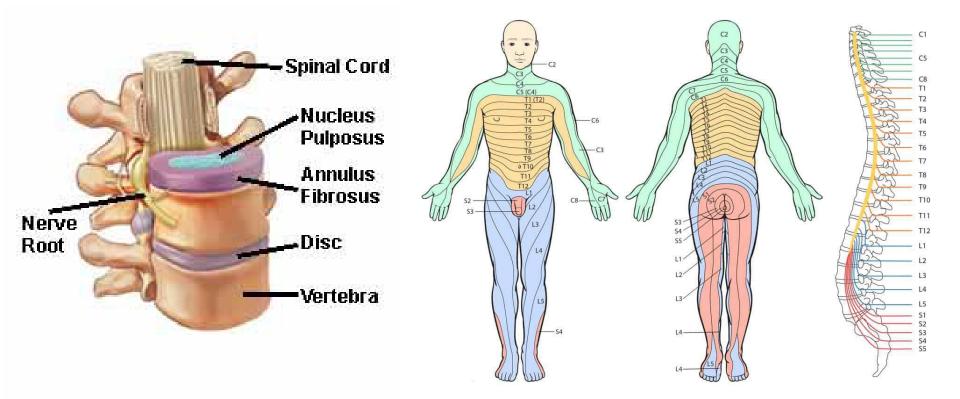
Thoracic spine-12 vertebrae

≻Lumbar spine-5 vertebrae





Spine Anatomy

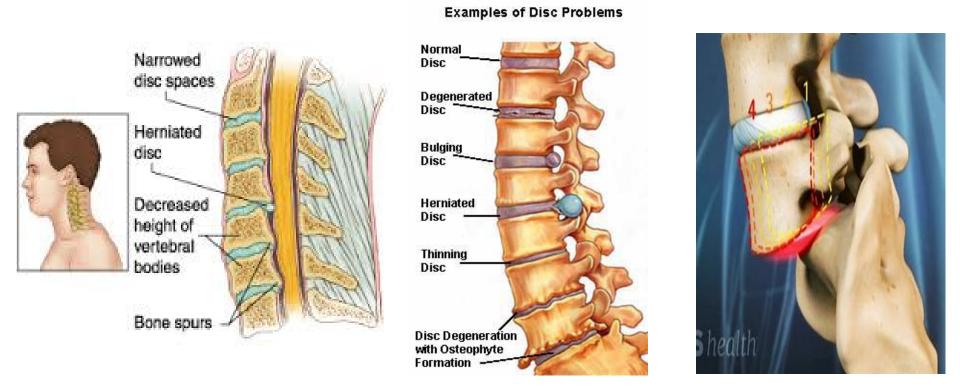


"To every patient, every time, we will provide the care that we would want for our own loved ones."

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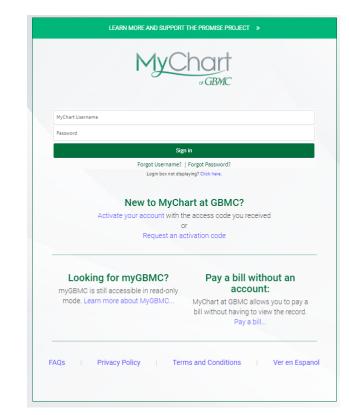
Causes of Spinal Pain: Disc Problems, Bone Spurs, Vertebral Slipping





Sign-up for GBMC MyChart

- MyChart will send reminders for your pre-op appointments and appointments while you are in the hospital.
- MyChart gives you access to your test results, allows you to communicate with your providers, pay your bill, and helps you to coordinate your healthcare needs.
- On the day of admission: MyChart will convert to MyChart Bedside, it is your portal for engaging with your care while admitted to the hospital. Empower yourself and your family with access to your care team, clinical data, and health education.





Time Sensitive Tasks to Complete Before Your Surgery

➤ Nasal swab for MRSA/MSSA

- **Golden window** for completion is within10-30 days prior to surgery.
 - Kaiser Permanente patients are to have their pre-op MRSA collected at the Kaiser PEEC Center.
 - Non-Kaiser Permanente patients (GBMC Ortho, GBMC Neurosurgery, Ortho Maryland)
 - Testing at GBMC Diagnostic Testing Center
 - > Monday-Friday 8am-4pm, no holidays
 - Result valid for 60-days
- Preop CHG Wash Kit with directions
 - Begin 3 nights before surgery
- Pre-op Questionnaires
- Pre-op Physical (with bloodwork)



GBMC HEALTHCARE

NON-Kaiser Permanente patients only

Diagnostic Center and Laboratory Medicine at GBMC

GBMC Main Hospital 6701 N. Charles St./ Suite 3100/ Towson, MD 21204 MSSA/MRSA preop testing: Monday-Friday 8am-4pm ONLY, no holidays

GBMC Diagnostic Center

Suite #3100 (across from Einstein Bakery)

- Parking at Iris Parking (closest)
 - For those entering from Iris Park at Pavilion East entrance, proceed down the hallway and turn right once you reach Einstein Bagels. The center will be the next office on your left.



Parking at Lily Park (near ER/ED)

 Upon entering GBMC Lobby E walk straight down the hall until you reach the main concierge desk, turn left down the first hallway. The center is located before Einstein Bagels.







allerikis CENTER

HILL



Getting Fitted For A Back Brace

- Patient of Dr. Rami or Dr. Dolitsky
 - If you received a prescription for a lumbar back brace or a posterior cervical collar for a multi-level fusion surgery
 - > Must get fitted for your brace prior to surgery
 - The medical supply company will reach out to you to arrange a fitting date and time (*Bring brace with you* when you come in for surgery)
 - If you are an OrthoMD patient, Dr. Dolitsky, you will be fitted by your surgeon's office. (*Bring brace with you* when you come in for surgery)



Preoperative Testing & Plan of Care for Discharge

- All pre-op testing and diagnostic tests MUST be completed 10-30 days from surgery date:
 - MSSA/MRSA nasal swab at the Diagnostic Testing center
 - Blood work, urinalysis, x-rays, etc
 - Kaiser Permanente patients are to have their pre-op MRSA collected at the Kaiser PEEC Center

Results and Surgical Clearance statements from your doctors will need to be available to GBMC <u>no later than 3-days</u> before surgery.

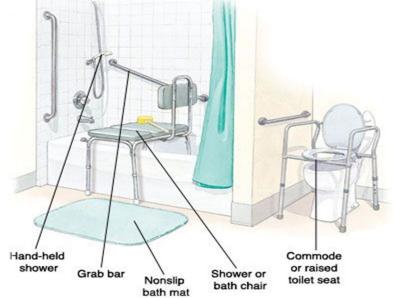
- Need Surgical Clearance from:
 - ➢Primary Care Physician
 - Specialist, only if applicable
- Designating your
 family/friends support
 person(s). Prepare your
 home environment.



Home Set-up

Before coming to the hospital

- Prepare meals ahead of time or arrange to have family/friends there to help
- Make frequently used items in the kitchen accessible for use
- Clean and clear home of clutter
 - Remove rugs out of bathroom and kitchen
- Make sure all equipment that you may already have is easily accessible, clean and in safe working order
 - Borrow from friends or family or community loan closets





How to Prevent Infection and Complications

- Control your blood sugar before, during and after your surgery
- Exercising and healthy weight loss
- You must STOP smoking (including cigars, e-cigarettes and vaping) 2 weeks before surgery and at least 2 weeks after surgery
- Good nutrition with adequate calories and protein
- Making sure skin is dry in between skin folds
- Frequent UTI's, notify your primary team & surgeon
- Advised no dental work within the 2-weeks prior to surgery and/or the first 3-months after surgery.

- Applying fresh linens to bed before surgery.
- Keep pets and animals away from the incision site after surgery. No pets are to sleep in bed or on the sofa with you until cleared by your surgeon.







healthy eating

cise r

no smoking

glucose control

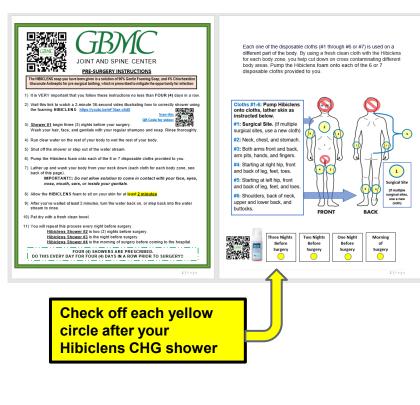






Pre-surgery Hibiclens CHG Showers

Preventing Surgical Site Infection: Pre-Op Skin Preparation



- Hibiclens Shower #1 begin three (3) nights before your surgery
- Hibiclens Shower #2 is two (2) nights before surgery.
- Hibiclens Shower #3 is the night before surgery.
- Hibiclens Shower #4 is the morning of surgery before coming to the hospital.



Hibiclens CHG Shower Video Please note GBMC J&S Center requires patients to complete 4 showers at home before surgery





4 Days of Pre-surgery CHG Showers



https://vimeo.com/882515698/36b386b075?share=c opy

Hibiclens CHG Shower Video

Please note **GBMC J&S Center** requires patients to complete 4 showers at home before surgery

- Pre-Surgical Scrub: 4% Chlorhexidine gluconate (CHG).
- \succ Four (4) Total CHG Showers at home.
- Begin three (3) nights before surgery, last application is on the morning of surgery before coming to the hospital.
- Apply the CHG foam onto your 6 or 7 disposable cloths, lather the solution onto skin.
- Avoid contact with your eyes, ears, mouth, and genitals.
- Do NOT shave or use hair removal lotions, deodorant, perfume, lotion, creams, or oils on your body.



What if I do not have anyone to help wash my back?





Preventing Surgical Site Infection: Pre-Op Skin Preparation

How to use the CHG solution skin treatment before your procedure or surgery

Prior to surgery, you should clean your skin with chlorhexidine gluconate (CHG) solution. Using CHG on your skin will reduce your risk of getting an infection. It is very important that you follow these directions every night, starting three nights before your surgery, and on the morning of surgery.

Why do I need to take a shower and then apply the CHG solution

- Using the CHG on your skin after using soap and shampoo and rinsing is the best way to remove germs from your skin.
- This helps keep you from getting an infection from germs (known as "superbugs") that are difficult to treat.
- Surgeries, drains, some medicines, and being ill make it easier to get an infection
- CHG works for 24 hours.

How to use the CHG solution skin treatment:

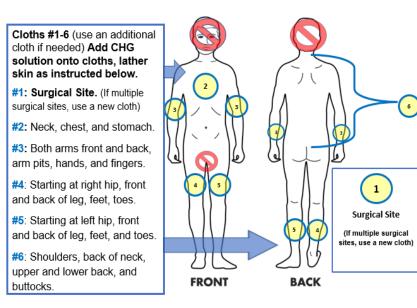
- Starting three nights before your procedure, take a shower with your regular soap and rinse.
- Wash hair with regular shampoo and rinse.
- Turn off the shower. Place a large amount of CHG solution on 6 or 7 disposable cloths.
- Lather the CHG onto your skin, from your neck down. Apply the CHG in the order shown on pictures below, starting at cloth number 1 and ending at number 6 (7th cloth if needed for a second surgical site). Use one cloth for each area of the body (see figures 1 and 2).
- Do not allow CHG to come in contact with your face, eyes, nose, mouth, ears, andgenitals. Cloths 1-6 (7th if needed) Lather and allow the CHG Lather the solution onto ski to sit on your skin for 2-5 minutes Rinse with 1: Neck, chest, and water stomach Pat dry with clean towel. 2: Both arms (front Do not use any lotion, oil, and back), arm pits, ointment, topical hands, and fingers medication, or hair 3 & 4: Both legs, front removing lotions. and back (starting at **6** ~ 7 Wear clean clothes and hips), feet, and toes sleep on clean sheets. **Surgical Site** 5: Back of neck, back. DO THIS SITE LAST Do this again every night and shoulders and in the morning before 6 or 7: Surgical site(s) coming to the hospital. FRONT BACK Place a check mark in the Figure 2 yellow circles below for Figure 1 each use. Three night Two night One night before Morning of before before surgery surgery surgery i. surgery 0

- CHG Shower #1 begin three (3) nights before your surgery
- CHG Shower #2 is two (2) nights before surgery.
- CHG Shower #3 is the night before surgery.
- CHG Shower #4 is the morning of surgery before coming to the hospital.

Check off each yellow circle after your CHG shower



3 Nights Before Your Surgery: Begin Your CHG Showers





Pre-Surgical Scrub: 4% CHG Solution

- Use all 4 bottles of CHG, lather the solution onto skin
- Start 3 days prior to surgery every night before bed
- Last application is on the morning of surgery
- Avoid contact with your eyes, ears, mouth, and genitals
- Do NOT shave or use hair removal lotions, deodorant, perfume, lotion, creams, or oils on your body



What if I do not have anyone to help wash my back?

"To every patient, every time, we will provide the care that we would want for our own loved ones."



Do Not Flush

Can continue on day of surgery

- It is OK to take:
 - ➤ Tylenol

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- Gabapentin or Lyrica
- Narcotic Pain medications (Oxycodone, Dilaudid, Tramadol)
- Muscle Relaxers (Flexeril, Zanaflex)
- Any Anti-depressants, Anti-anxiety medications, Psychiatric medications
- Anti-Seizure medications
- Asthma Inhalers/medications (bring your inhaler with you on the day of surgery)
- Cardiac medications: Digoxin
- Thyroid medications
- Steroids: oral or inhaled
- Cholesterol Medication-Statins: Zocor, Lipitor, Pravastatin
- Eye Drops



10 Days before surgery

- Stop anti-inflammatory drugs such as: Celebrex, Nabumetone, Ketolorac, Mobic (Meloxicam), Excedrin, Ibuprofen (Advil, Motrin), Naproxen (Aleve), and Robaxin
 - It is important to stop as they cause excessive bleeding during your surgery and recovery period.
 - Patients taking any prescribed blood thinners such as ASPIRIN or ASPIRIN products like; PLAVIX, TICLID, PRADAXA, ELIQUIS COUMADIN or WARFARIN should consult their prescribing physician or cardiologist in regard to stopping medication prior to surgery.



7 Days before surgery:

- Stop Certain vitamins such as Vitamin E and Glucosamine
- Stop All herbal products: fish oil, ginko biloba, ginseng, dong quai, garlic, kava, ma huang, St. john's wart and nonvitamin supplements. (These medications may cause bleeding!)
- Stop Diet medications



3 days before surgery
Stop topical medications
Stop Viagra, Levitra & Cialis



48 Hours before surgery

Stop Monamine Oxidase Inhibitors (MAIOs)

Examples: Nardil (Phenelzine), Emsam (Selegline), Marplan (Isocarboxazid), Parnate (Tranylcypromine)



24 Hours before surgery

Stop ACE Inhibitors:

Examples: Lisinopril, Vasotec, Elanapril

Stop Angiotensin Receptor Blockers:

> Examples: Cozaar, Iosartan, Benicar, Candesartan, Atacand, Valsartan



Current Diabetic Medications

4 days before surgery

Stop SGLT-2 Inhibitor medications: Steglatro

3 days before surgery

> Stop SGLT-2 Inhibitor medications: Jardiance, Invokana, Farxiga, and

24 Hours before surgery

- Stop oral hypoglycemic containing Metformin
 - Examples: Glucophage, Riomet, Glumetza, Glucophage XR, Fortamet, Avandamet, Actoplus, Glucovance, Actoplus, Glyburide, Glipizide, Invokamet, Jentadueto, Janumet, Kombiglyze XR, Metaglip, PrandiMet, Xigduo, Kazano, Synjardy, Segluromet
 - > All other oral hypoglycemic agents should be held the morning of surgery
 - Wearable continuous blood glucose monitoring systems: please notify your surgeon and/ or anesthesiologist as soon as possible. GBMC nursing staff will monitor your blood glucose per hospital policy.
 - If you have a wearable insulin pump system, please notify your surgeon and/or anesthesiologist as soon as possible.
 - If you are Diabetic notify your endocrinologist of your upcoming surgery
 - Insulin: your Endocrinologist will advise you on how many units they want you to take and when to take give your last dose before surgery.



Diabetes Medications...continued

GLP-1 Agonist: semaglutide (*Ozempic*, *Rybelsus*), dulaglutide (*Trulicity*), exenatide (*Bydureon BCise*, *Byetta*), liraglutide (*Victoza*, *Saxenda*), lixisenatide (*Adlyxin*), etc.

If taken daily: Hold GLP-1 agonists on the day of the procedure/surgery.
 If taken weekly: Hold GLP-1 agonists a week prior to the procedure/surgery.

- A <u>CLEAR LIQUID ONLY DIET</u> starting 12 hours before the usual NPO time (noon the day before surgery if NPO).
 - Clear Liquids for 24h before surgery
 - Coffee and tea without milk or non-dairy creamer (sweetener is ok)
 - Clear, nonfat broths
 - Fruit & vegetable juices that are strained & pulp free
 - Sodas & Sports drinks
 - Pulp-free popsicles
 - Jell-O
 - Nothing to eat/drink after 12-midnight

"To every patient, every time, we will provide the care that we would want for our own loved ones." **off label use for weight loss



The Night Before Surgery

- NO heavy meals past 8 pm
 - You can snack up until midnight

➢ NO eating past midnight, only a small sip of water is permitted to take medications. When brushing teeth expel water with rinsing on the morning of surgery.

If you keep a drink on your bedside table, remove it before you go to sleep. Old habits are hard to break!

> NO chewing gum or mints after midnight.



Current Medications: Morning of Surgery

Blood pressure/cardiac medication

- Take your Beta blocker and/or Calcium Chanel blocker heart medication
- Discuss with your primary care or cardiologist if they want you to take your diuretics the morning of your surgery

➢Examples: HCTZ, Lasix

Heartburn or ulcer medicine

➢Acid blockers should be taken on the morning of the surgery to reduce the risk of aspiration pneumonia.

Examples: Zantac, Pepcid, Axid, Prilosec, Pantoprazole, Reglan

Antacids should NOT be taken as they contain particulate material that may damage the lungs if aspirated

Examples: Maalox, Tums, Carafate



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What to Bring to the Hospital

- Your ID card and Insurance card
- Advance directive
- List of home medications (leave actual medications at home)
- Preop CHG wash form
- Bring in glasses, contact lenses, hearing aids, and dentures
- Regular clothing
 - Loose fitting shorts or pants; elastic waist is easiest, under garments
 - Walking shoes with good ankle support (no open heel shoes). Do not buy new shoes - bring something comfortable
- Back brace (For multi-level spinal fusions, your surgeon will order and have you fitted for one before your surgery date)
- Shoe inserts or splints that you normally use
- > CPAP machine** (if you have sleep apnea)







Arriving to the Hospital on the Day of Surgery



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- Arrive at the hospital at least
 2 hours before your surgery time.
- > Park in Lily Garage.
- Take elevator to the main floor to enter Lobby E.
- Lobby E is on the 3rd floor of main hospital.



Directions to the General Operating Room (GOR)

➢Once inside, Lobby E, walk down the corridor, you will pass a sitting area on the LEFT.



Continue until you reach elevator E.

➤Take Elevator E on the left to the 4th floor



When you exit the elevator walk straight forward to the GOR registration desk.





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The Pre-operative/Intra-op Areas

In Pre-Op

- > You will be given a hospital gown to change into
- > You will be given in this pre-op area:
 - CHG wipes to clean your skin a 5th time
 - Nozin Nasal Sanitizer to begin your antimicrobial intranasal coverage
- > Meet your surgical team: surgeon, nurse, anesthesiologist, tech
- Admission database will be completed
- Vital signs, IV will be started; IV fluids and antibiotic(s)
- > 1 visitor is allowed in the pre-op area







Pre-op Infection Prevention



Do you have an orange fruit oil allergy?

***You will receive the Nozin at GBMC



Intended Use: Nozin[®] Nasal Sanitizer[®] is a topical antiseptic used to decrease bacteria on the nasal vestibule skin. Active Ingredient: Alcohol 62%.

Precautions: Use ONLY with sleeve on ampule. Do not extend ampule into nose beyond swab tip. Refer to Instructions for Use (IFU) for complete product information. ©2017-2020 Global Ulfe Technologies Corp. AL rights ceserved, Made in USA



After Surgery

PACU I (postanesthesia care unit)

- > You will wake up and probably feel sleepy
- > Your vital signs will be assessed every 15 minutes
- > Cardiac and oxygen monitors will be in place
- Pain medications are available as needed
- Your anesthetist will evaluate your progress, once you have met the criteria for the next phase: vital signs are stable, pain is managed, and the room you will be transferred to is clean:
 - > GBMC's pre-approved **Same-Day Discharge patients** will be **begin the PACU II phase**
 - GBMC's hospital admit patient will be transferred to Unit 58

Same-Day Discharge patients

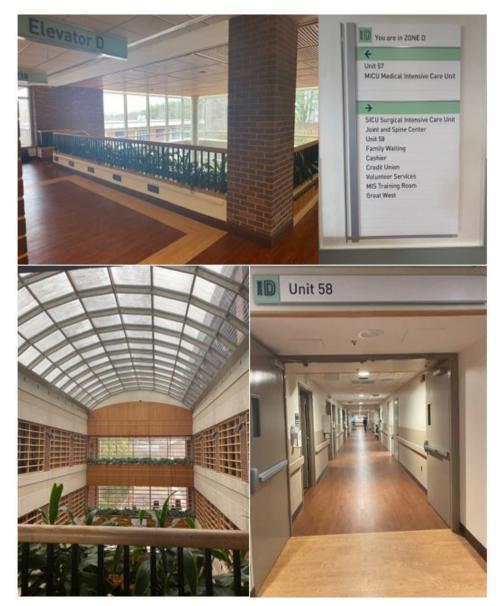
PACU II phase for discharge home:

- Meet your Registered Nurse (RN)
- You will be given your Nozin 12 mL bottle kit; your nurse will teach you how to apply and when to apply the Nozin. Your first dose will be given at this time.
- Goals for Discharge: You will need to urinate, be medically stable (vital signs within normal limits, pain managed), and be given the final clearance for home by your surgeon/provider.
 - Your Home Discharge Instructions (AVS) and post-op supplies will be provided to you and support person by your discharge nurse.



Hospital Admission: in-patient admit

- Once your vital signs are stable and pain is managed. Your anesthetist will clear you for transfer from the PACU to Unit 58.
- Unit 58 is located on the 5th floor of Zone D (Labor & Delivery entrance)





Admission to Unit 58

- Private room
- Meet your RN (Registered Nurse) and NST (Nurse Support Tech)
- Communication Board updated
- Welcome Folder and your Nozin 12 mL bottle kit will be given to you when you arrive to U58.
 - Upon arrival, the nurse will be teaching you how to give yourself a dose of Nozin from your home kit.





Post-op Infection Prevention

- First dose: after surgery upon arrival to U58
 - Same-day discharge given in PACU
- Next dose: at 9 pm, then every 12 hours
- Continue every 12 hours until your 1st post-op visit or until the bottle is empty (30 days) Nózin





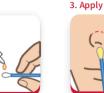


Re-saturate the swab tip by

applying two (2) drops of

solution







Nozin

Insert swab tip into RIGHT nostril. Swab eight (8) times clockwise and eight (8) times counterclockwise.

Apply Left Nostril



Repeat application steps 3 - 4 in the LEFT nostril.

> Nozin @2017-2020 Glob al Life Technologies Corp. All rights rved. Made in USA. Nozin*, Nasal Sanitizer Popswab® are trademarks of Global Life hnologies Corp. Patent Nos.: no zin.com (patent

Do you have an **orange fruit oil allergy**?

Ensure swab rotation

including the inside tip of

have nasal bleeding or irritation.

bacteria on the nasal vestibule skin.

Active Ingredient: Alcohol 62%

Do not use if you have allergy to citrus oil, or you

Precautions: Do not extend applicator into nose beyond swab tip.

Intended Use: Nozin® Nasal Sanitizer® is a topical antiseptic used to decrease

Please also refer to Instructions for Use (IFU), product package and Nozin.com.

covers all surfaces,

the nostril.



Visitor Policy: Inpatient Adult Units

>4 visitors are allowed at a time, 1-visitor can stay overnight (9p-8a).

➢Visitors 10-17 years must be accompanied by an adult over 18 yrs. Visitors under 10yrs are not allowed.

≻Visiting Hours 8a-9p



- > Visitors must not be within the first 10 days of positive Covid-19 test
- Visitors with any respiratory symptoms must wear a mask covering the nose and mouth at all times
- >Visitors must remain at the bedside and use the call-bell for all patient requests
- ≻If you require an ADA exception, please call the Joint & Spine Center

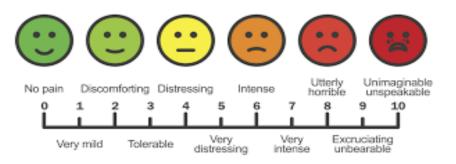


Pain Management

➢ Pain scale 0-10

- ➢ "0" means no pain
- "10" means the worst pain that you have ever had
- Remember: You should not expect your pain level to be "0" after surgery

- Pain medications are available as needed (prn), you must ask for your pain medications.
- Call your nurse when you are experiencing pain above your goal





Sequential Compression Device

- Used on your lower extremities to help circulation
- Help prevent blood clots





Lung Exercises: Before Surgery & After Surgery

Inhalation

Oxygen intake

Purpose:

Exercise your lungs to help with gas exchange before, during, and after surgery. Will help prevent post-op pneumonia.

- Before surgery: At least 30 times throughout the day, starting in the morning.
- After surgery: 10 times an hour when awake.

Deep Breathing & Coughing

- 1. Sit upright.
- 2. Take a few slow breaths, then take a slow, deep breath in through your nose.
- 3. Hold your breath for 2-5 seconds.
- Gently and Slowly breathe out through your mouth making an "O" shape.
- 5. Repeat 10-15 times.

Incentive Spirometry

- 1. Place mouth on mouthpiece.
- 2. Take a slow, deep breath in and hold for 5-10 seconds.
- 4000 - 3000 -- 3000 -- 2000 -- 2000 -- 100000 -- 10000 -- 10000 -- 10000 -- 10000 -- 1000 -- 1000 -- 1000 -- 1000 -- 1000 -- 1000 -

3. Exhale.

Exhalation

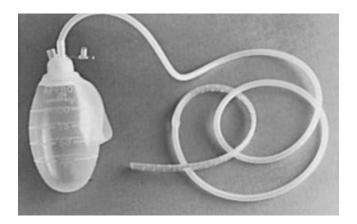


How to Properly Use an Incentive Spirometer



Surgical Drains

- A surgical drain is a tube used to collect blood or other fluids from a wound
- If you need a drain, it will be placed by your surgeon during your surgery





Jackson Pratt (JP Drain)

Hemovac



Cervical Collar

- For patients having cervical surgery:
 - Your surgeon may order a soft collar or a hard collar depending on the type of surgery
 - Patients are usually ordered a soft collar for comfort and maintaining spine precaution



Soft Collar





Philadelphia

Aspen



Lumbar Brace

- For patients having a lumbar fusion
 - > Your surgeon may order a brace to wear when you are out of bed
 - You need to be fitted for your brace prior to surgery
 - Call Synergy Orthopedics: 443-681-8971
 - Bring your brace to the hospital



LSO





TLSO



Insurance only covers for one back brace - **Do not give or throw away your brace!**



Abdominal Binders



- These are supplied by GBMC on your day of surgery
- Lumbar fusions: worn while in bed for comfort
- Lumbar Laminectomy and Microdiscectomy: worn for comfort



Fall Risk

- Red non-skid socks will be placed on you, signaling that you are at a high risk for experiencing a fall
- Do NOT get up without the help of staff assisting you.
- Use your call bell

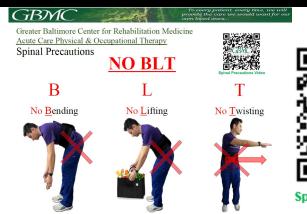








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Spinal Precautions Video



Spinal Precautions Video

Greater Baltimore Center for Rehabilitation Medicine Acute Care Physical & Occupational Therapy

Spinal Precautions

Log rolling to a seated position in the bed. Log rolling will maintain spinal precautions to decrease pain and discomfort.



Bend your knees while lying flat on your back.



Roll to your side while keeping your shoulders and hips aligned and without twisting your back.



When moving from a seated to a lying-down position, replicate this process in reverse. Push up with your arms to slowly raise your body as you lower your legs to the floor.

<u>No Bridging</u>

To prevent undue stress or strain on your spine, do not lift your hips off the bed while lying down.



Spinal Precautions Video: https://vimeo.com/85639951 1/d507073358?share=copy



What to Expect in the Hospital

Post-op day 1

- If you have a urinary catheter, it will be discontinued
- You will be evaluated by physical therapy (PT) and occupational therapy (OT)
- You will have one individual therapy session every day starting the morning after your surgery

Post-op days 2 & 3

- More therapy walking in halls and going to the gym to practice getting in and out of the tub/shower, in and out of the car, and going up and down stairs
- > The drain may be removed before you are discharged.



Rehabilitation: PT versus OT

- Physical Therapy helps you with functional mobility
 - Walking
 - Getting in/out of bed
 - Transfers into/out of a chair
 - Going up/down steps
 - Doing your exercise program

Occupational Therapy – helps you with functional activities of daily living (ADL)

- Getting dressed and bathed
- Getting in/out of tub/shower
- Using the toilet
- Car transfers
- Getting items out of refrigerator/cabinets
- How to use adaptive equipment if needed



Possible Medical Equipment Needs

Raised toilet seats, bedside commodes, and toilet seat frames





Raised Toilet Seat



Toilet Safety Frame

Bedside Commode



Tub/Shower Chair

Bedside commode

- Can be used next to your bed
- Can be used as a shower chair
- for your walk-in shower
- Can raise the height of your toilet

Tub Seat/Shower Chair

- Decreases the risk of falls in the shower or tub
- Allows you to safely sit while showering if you have pain, dizziness, or get tired easily

Shower doors on bathtubs may need to be removed



Possible Medical Equipment Needs



"To every patient, every time, we will provide the care that we would want for our own loved ones."

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Case Management

The Case Manager on Unit 58 will visit you the day after your surgery to continue working on your discharge planning needs

- Home with Out-Patient Therapy
- Home with Home Physical Therapy
- Skilled Nursing Facility (SNF)
- Equipment for home
- Offering resources



Medical Orders for Life-Sustaining Treatment (MOLST)

MOLST

- Portable medical order form covering options for cardiopulmonary resuscitation and other life-sustaining treatments
 - Does not expire
 - Medical orders are based on a patient's wishes about medical treatments
 - > The advance practitioner or surgeon will have the paperwork.
- Are not Advance Directives
- All patients that are transferred to another facility will require a MOLST form prior to EMS transport



Discharge Day (from Unit 58)

Neurosurgical team and physical therapist will need to clear you for discharge or transfer.

Occupation Therapy will teach you how to get in and out of the car maintaining your spinal precautions.

> You will need to know your spinal precautions.



Average Length of Hospital Stay

- Microdiscectomy, laminectomy, etc: Same-day discharge home from the PACU
- Cervical Fusion: Anterior approach (from the front), 23 hour stay on U58
- Cervical Fusion: Posterior approach (from the back), 2 days on U58
- Lumbar Fusion: 2-3 night stay on U58

YOU WILL NEED SOMEONE TO DRIVE YOU HOME WHEN YOU ARE RELEASED FOLLOWING SURGERY!



General Post-Op Care

- Allow approximately 6 weeks for lumbar surgery and 4 weeks for cervical surgery for healing.
- > Walking is the only exercise encouraged.
- > No lifting anything over 8-10 lbs.
- Minimize the use of stair and cars.
- No driving until you are seen for your 6-week post-op visit, unless otherwise instructed.
- Use your Nozin nasal sanitizer twice a day, every 12 hours.
- Daily CHG showers (*no soaking in the bath*)
- You will be sent home with prescriptions for pain medication. If you need a refill, call the office 3 days in advance. Prescriptions will not be addressed on weekends or after hours.
- The Maryland Department of Health & Mental Hygiene, you will be prescribed an opioid antidote called Naloxone (Narcan) in the event of an overdose.



Notify Your Nurse/Surgeon

- If weakness, numbness, or pain worsens
- If you have trouble swallowing, swelling/mass, increase hoarseness to your voice
- > A temperature above 100.5

Notify the office immediately for any drainage, redness, tenderness, swelling.



Wound Care

Keep wound clean and dry.

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- ➢ If you have steri-strips, they will fall off on their own.
- > You may take a shower, *if your incision is not draining*.
 - Do not scrub the incision.
 - Dry area completely after showering. NO tub bathing for at least 4 weeks after surgery.
- > Do not use lotions or moisturizes on your incision.
- Do not manipulate (pick or probe) your incision in any way.
- Schedule your post-op visit 7-14 days after surgery for a wound check for suture/staple removal





A simple visual check for infection should be all that is needed each day

> Change dressing per your surgeon's instructions.

> Keep incision out of direct sunlight.

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Do not actively clean your incision unless you are specifically instructed to do so.





- Lumbar Incision (lower back) & Abdomen Incision: Clear dressing will stay in place for 48h. During this 48h, you may only shower if dressing is intact. After 48h, you can get your incision wet, but pat dry and place a new, clean, dry dressing of gauze & tape. Change daily until wound check.
- Cervical Incision (front of neck): Clear dressing will stay in place for 48h, then can be removed and incision open to air. Steri-strips will be under dressing and can get wet, but pat dry.
- Cervical Incision (back of neck): Clear dressing will stay in place for 48h. After 48h, you can shower and get your incision wet, but pat dry and place a new, clean, dry dressing of gauze & tape. Change daily until wound check.



Preventing Surgical Site Infection

> Use CHG with daily showers.

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- Use 1 bottle each day for 5 days, for any concerns check with your surgeon if you need to use this past this point
- Nozin: Continue every 12 hours until your 1st post-op visit or until the bottle is empty (30 days, twice a day)







What Should My Incision Look Like? Minimal redness, no drainage and no swelling.







Anterior Cervical Fusion Posterior Cervical Fusion Lumbar Surgery



What Should My Incision NOT Look Like?

Swelling, spreading redness, warm, and tender.







What Should My Incision Not Look Like?

Do not let your waist band rub across your incision!

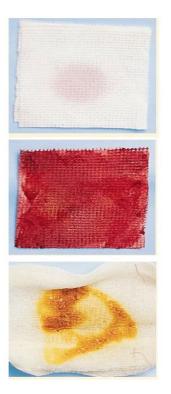






Call Your Surgeon If You Have Drainage







Discharge Day Checklist Guide - Spine

- I have reviewed my discharge instructions with the nurse
- L know who is my support person/help at home

Post-op Physical Therapy/Occupational Therapy Agency: ______

- Phone # ______
- If I haven't heard from the Physical Therapy Agency 3-days after discharge or have any issues with scheduling, I will call my surgeon's office as soon as possible
- Do I have my prescription(s)?
 - > Medication(s) MUST be picked up the day of discharge
 - > GBMC Walgreens can deliver your medications to your room, accepts cash or credit cards
- Do I know the reason for and side effects of my prescriptions?

I have my...

- Walker and/or cane (if you do not have one, insurance approval is needed)
- Dressing material: gauze and Tegaderm/tape (if needed)
- 5 Bottles CHG Solution and Disposable Wipes
- Nozine Nasal Sanitizere 12-mL bottle and starter cotton swabs
- Back brace or cervical collar (if ordered)
- Belongings that I brought into the hospital
- □ I will call my surgeon's office with any signs of infection such as, redness,
 - swelling, tenderness, or puss-like drainage
- Please contact your surgeon's office with any questions at (______)

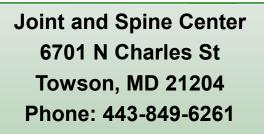








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